Brachmia idiastis, n. sp.

3 10-11 mm. Head, palpi, thorax, and abdomen grey. Antennæ grey, serrate, shortly ciliated. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa slightly arched, apex obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; 2 and 3 stalked, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to apex; grey, finely irrorated with ochreous-whitish; stigmata moderate, dark fuscous, laterally edged with white, plical beneath first discal; a terminal row of dark fuscous dots: eilia grey, with rows of whitish points. Hindwings and cilia light grey.

BENGAL, Pusa, bred in June from larvæ feeding on Panicum sp.

(Fletcher).

Pachnistis periochra, n. sp.

δ 19 mm. Head and thorax brownish-ochreous. Antennæ serrate, ciliations 1, fasciculated. Palpi ochreous, second joint fuscous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen rounded, rather oblique; brownish-ochreous; discal stigmata eloudy, dark fuscous, plical minute, indistinct, somewhat beyond first discal; a series of small indistinct dark fuscous dots just before apical part of costa and termen: cilia ochreous. Hindwings and cilia whitish-grey-ochreous.

NYASSALAND, Zomba, in November (Neave); one specimen. Type

in British Museum.

Helcystogramma infibulata, n. sp.

Head whitish. Palpi whitish, second joint tinged with ochreous towards apex, terminal joint with a fuscous lateral Thorax ochreous-whitish, patagia white. Abdomen grey, anal tuft whitish. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen hardly rounded, oblique; dark brown; a thick light ochreous-brown streak along dorsum from base to 3, upper edge shortly prominent before middle of wing, edged with white from base to this, groundcolour suffused with dark fuscous towards it; a broad grey postmedian band included between two rather oblique white lines, edged with dark fuscous anteriorly, first strongly suffused with white on upper half posteriorly, second running to tornus, enlarged into a white triangular spot on costa, within this band is an elongate-oval dark fuscous finely whiteedged blotch in disc; a white streak along lower part of termen, including two black linear dots, sometimes extended round apex: cilia light silvery-grey. Hindwings and cilia light grey.

CEYLON, Maskeliya, in October (Alston); S. INDIA, Coimbatore,

in February (Fletcher); two specimens.

Helcystogramma hoplophora, n. sp.

3.9 mm. Head grey. Palpi grey-whitish, terminal joint white lined with black. Thorax greyish-bronze with three bluemetallic stripes. Abdomen dark leaden-grey, anal tuft whitish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, posteriorly slightly dilated, you. I.—Jana 1916.

costa anteriorly straight, posteriorly gently arched, apex obtuse, termen hardly sinuate, somewhat oblique; bronzy-brown; markings violet-blue-metallic, somewhat edged with dark fuscous; a streak along costa from base to beyond $\frac{1}{3}$, thence obliquely downwards to below middle of disc; a subdorsal streak from base of dorsum to beyond $\frac{1}{3}$; a transverse irregular streak at $\frac{3}{5}$, costal extremity white, groundcolour beyond this wholly dark fuscous; an irregular waved streak just before termen: cilia violet-metallic. Hindwings dark fuscous; cilia grey, with darker subbasal shade.

UPPER BURMA, Myitkyina, in August (Fletcher); one specimen.

Helcystogramma doxarcha, n. sp.

3 ♀. 17-18 mm. Head and thorax rather dark bluish-bronzyfuscous, thorax suffused with orange posteriorly except at extremity. Palpi orange, second joint in & suffused with ferruginous. Abdomen dark fuscous, anal tuft ochreous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa slightly arched, apex rounded-obtuse, termen rounded, somewhat oblique; deep orange; brilliant green-blue-metallic costal and median streaks from base to middle, median continued obliquely downwards along fold to near its extremity but interrupted beneath end of cell; an oblique-elongate green-blue-metallic spot in disc beyond middle; a bright blue-metallic irregularly trapezoidal blotch beneath costa at $\frac{3}{4}$, edged above with some blackish suffusion extending along costa; a roundish tornal blotch of dark fuscous suffusion extending over termen to near apex; a series of short prismatic violet-blue-metallic dashes before posterior part of costa and termen, suffused together towards apex of wing; a fine dark fuscous terminal line; eilia light ochreous-brownish, towards tips infuscated round apex and upper part of termen. Hindwings blackish-fuscous; cilia pale grey, with dark grey subbasal shade, tips whitish.

UPPER BURMA, Karens; two specimens,

Helcystogramma lithostrota, n. sp.

 \circ . 17 mm. Head and thorax dark leaden-grey. Palpi whitish-ochreous, terminal joint and apex of second dark fuscous. Abdomen dark fuscous, apical half yellow-ochreous. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa faintly sinuate, posteriorly gently arched, apex rounded-obtuse, termen nearly straight, slightly oblique; shining leaden-grey; a thick blackish streak above middle from base, reaching costa at base, terminated by a large irregular ochreous-orange blotch extending in disc above middle from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ and reaching costa towards middle, preceded and followed on costa by some blackish suffusion: an elongate irregularly semioval blackish blotch extending along dorsum from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ and reaching half across wing, abutting on the orange blotch; a fine transverse whitish-ochreous line at $\frac{4}{5}$, very slightly angulated in middle, edged with blackish suffusion which is considerably dilated towards tornus; a pale greyish-ochreous streak following this on upper half, con-

tinued along costa and termen to near tornus; a blackish marginal line round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia whitishochreous with indistinct greyish median shade, on tornus grey. Hindwings dark fuscous; cilia light ochreous-yellowish, with dark fuscous subbasal line.

Perak, Gunong Hijan, 5000 feet; one specimen.

Parapsectris infricta, n. sp.

Q. 22 mm. Head grey, sides of crown dark purplish-fuscous. Palpi dark indigo-grey, considerably thickened with scales, tip whitish. Thorax dark purplish-fuscous. Abdomen dark grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen rounded, rather strongly oblique; dark purplish-fuscous; white spots on costa at $\frac{1}{6}$ and on dorsum opposite, with a few white scales between these; an irregular undefined slender slightly oblique white median fascia, sinuate outwards in middle, obsolescent on dorsum; a conspicuous irregular white spot on costa beyond $\frac{3}{4}$ and a smaller one on tornus opposite, with a few white scales between these; two or three white scales on termen: cilia dark grey, with dark fuscous subbasal shade. Hindwings over 1, grey, darker posteriorly; cilia grey, darker towards base.

NYASSALAND, Mt. Mlanje, in December (Neave); one specimen.

Type in British Museum.

Pachnistis inhonesta, n. sp.

\$\delta\$. 13 mm. Head and thorax dark fuscous. Palpi whitish sprinkled with dark fuscous, second joint dark fuscous except apex. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa slightly arched, apex obtuse, termen slightly rounded, oblique; purplish-grey suffusedly irrorated with dark fuscous; plical and first discal stigmata cloudy, dark fuscous, edged posteriorly with grey-whitish, plical beneath first discal, second discal represented by a subtriangular cloudy grey-whitish dot; a subterminal series of small cloudy whitish dots from \(\frac{4}{5}\) of costa to tornus, sharply indented above middle: cilia glossy grey. Hindwings and cilia grey.

KANARA, Achve, in February (Maxwell); one specimen.

Chelaria arignota, n. sp.

Q. 13 mm. Head white partially suffused with pale grey. Palpi ochreous-white, second joint dark fuscous on basal half, with long rough projecting hairscales beneath throughout, and shortly rough-scaled at apex above, terminal joint with rough projecting scales posteriorly on median third. Thorax whitish, shoulders with a blackish mark. Abdomen light grey. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa slightly arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen extremely obliquely rounded; 7 and 8 out of 6; ochreous-white, on dorsal half irregularly tinged or sprinkled with light

greyish; a black mark on base of costa, and a dot towards base above middle; a triangular blackish blotch extending on costa from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ and reaching more than half across wing, both costal angles cut off by fine white strigulæ, from its posterior angle a straight light greyish-ochreous streak runs near costa to apex, edged above on its median portion by an elongate black costal mark; two minute black specks longitudinally placed in disc beyond apex of costal blotch; a short black subapical dash edged above with white: cilia grey-whitish. Hindwings grey, thinly scaled anteriorly and prismatic-hyaline near base; cilia grey.

UPPER BURMA, Maymyo, 3500 feet, in August (Fletcher); one

specimen.

Chelaria syncrypta, n. sp.

3. 15-16 mm. Head whitish sprinkled with fuscous and dark fuscous. Palpi ochreous-whitish sprinkled with fuscous and dark fuscous, second joint beneath with moderate rounded tuft of projecting hairscales, terminal joint much thickened with rather rough scales almost throughout, with three bands of dark fuscous suffusion. Therax whitish spotted with rather dark fuscous. Abdomen grey-whitish, with an apical tuft of fulvous-brown scales above between claspers. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa slightly arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; 6 separate; white, irregularly sprinkled with grey, and strewn throughout with small cloudy dark grey spots arranged in transverse series, those of median area suffused together with purplishgrey and irrorated with dark fuscous, forming an undefined dark transverse band occupying more than \frac{1}{3} of wing: cilia pale grey sprinkled with white. Hindwings and cilia pale grey.
CEYLON, Maskeliya and Haputale, in February and June (Pole,

Alston); two specimens.

Chelaria rhicnota, n. sp.

d ♀. 10-11 mm. Head and thorax grey sprinkled with whitish, patagia suffused with dark fuscous. Palpi grey sprinkled with whitish, second joint with strong dense subquadrate tuft beneath, terminal joint thickened and roughened with scales almost throughout, whitish with subbasal ring and two subconfluent bands dark fuscous. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen extremely obliquely rounded; 7 and 8 out of 6; dark grey sprinkled with grey-whitish, longitudinally suffused with brownish in disc posteriorly; five oblique dark fuscous marks on costa between $\frac{1}{5}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$; a linear black dot beneath costa near base; a blackish line along fold from base to $\frac{1}{3}$, a longitudinal black line from above apex of this to $\frac{3}{5}$, a shorter one beyond this, and one above and between these; some short longitudinal marks of blackish irroration before posterior part of costa and termen: cilia dark grey, slightly sprinkled with whitish. Hindwings rather dark grey, anterior portion of cell and area beneath it

hyaline; cilia grey.

S. India, Shevaroys (4500 feet), in December, and Chittur, bred in February from larva feeding on flowers of *Mangifera indica* (*Fletcher*). The pupa has five abdominal segments fixed.

Chelaria formidolosa, n. sp.

♂ ♀. 17-18 mm. Head and thorax whitish sprinkled with grey. Palpi whitish sprinkled with grey and spotted with dark fuscous, second joint with narrow basal and moderately broad apical tuft beneath, and expanded with rough scales towards apex above, terminal joint thickened with scales except towards apex, with two strong scale-projections posteriorly. Abdomen whitishochreous tinged with grey. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa gently arched, with rough projecting scales beyond middle, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; 6 closely approximated to 7 on basal half; white sprinkled with grey, with scattered indistinct grey spots or mottling; two more distinct small dark grey spots on costa before middle, several on posterior half, a dot on dorsum at 1, and a cloudy spot on tornus; a small semioval blackish spot on middle of costa, and one reversed in disc somewhat before it; a black dash towards costa at 4, and an elongate dot beneath apex: cilia whitish sprinkled with grey. Hindwings light grey, paler anteriorly; cilia pale grey, with darker basal

NATAL, Pinetown, in February (Leigh); two specimens. Near tetraptila.

Chelaria discissa, n. sp.

3. 16-17 mm. Head whitish-ochreous slightly sprinkled with fuscous. Palpi whitish, second joint with two moderate tufts beneath and two brownish-ochreous bands, terminal joint nearly twice second, with four subconfluent ochreous-brown bands and two posterior scale-projections. Thorax whitish irrorated with fuscous, with a dark brown spot on each side of back. Abdomen fuscous. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen extremely obliquely rounded; 6 closely approximated to 7 on basal half; ochreous-whitish irrorated with brown; a minute black strigula beneath costa at base; brown median and subdorsal spots near base, and one on costa at $\frac{1}{4}$; a larger brown spot in disc at 1/3, edged above by a black mark, and connected with dorsum at $\frac{1}{3}$ by a brown streak; a narrow semioval blackish spot on middle of costa, surrounded with brown suffusion, and confluent beneath with an irregular transverse brown blotch from dorsum beyond middle; a black line several times slightly interrupted running from apex of this blotch to termen beneath apex; a short black dash at 5 of costa; a patch of brown suffusion occupying most of apical third of wing: cilia light brownish, slightly whitish-sprinkled. Hindwings grey, veins

suffused with darker, cell subhyaline and clothed with hairs; cilia grey, opposite apex light brownish.

Queensland, Cairns, in December (Dodd); two specimens.

Chelaria conifera, n. sp.

Head and thorax whitish-ochreous sprinkled ♂. 15-16 mm. with grey, shoulders with a dark grey spot. Palpi ochreouswhitish sprinkled with grey, second and terminal joints each with two bands of dark fuscous irroration, second joint with rough projecting scales beneath, shortly tufted towards apex, terminal joint thickened with scales except apex, with posterior scale-projection above middle. Abdomen pale grey. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen obliquely rounded; 6 separate; whitish-ochreous suffusedly irrorated with ochreous-grey, dorsal half irregularly sprinkled with dark grey; an elongate-triangular blackish blotch extending on costa from ½ to ¾, anterior side less than half posterior, apex reaching fold, posterior side excavated in middle; a short blackish apical streak: cilia light greyish-ochreous, barred with dark grey on basal half, more broadly at apex. Hindwings grey; cilia whitish-ochreous tinged with grev.

Ecuador, Huigra, 4500 feet, in June (Parish); two specimens.

Anarsia sagmatica, n. sp.

J. 13 mm. Head and thorax grey, face darker. Palpi blackish-grey, apical third grey sprinkled with whitish. Abdomen silvery-grey-whitish irrorated with black, anal tuft ochreouswhitish. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa slightly arched, apex tolerably pointed, termen extremely obliquely rounded; grey, finely whitish-sprinkled, with some scattered dark grey and blackish scales; a transverse black blotch from middle of costa reaching \frac{2}{3} across wing, rather irregular-edged, apex connected with dorsum by some dark grey suffusion: cilia grey finely whitish-sprinkled, paler beneath tornus. Hindwings grey suffused with dark fuscous on veins, towards apex, and along termen, subhyaline in disc and towards base; cilia pale grey. Forewings beneath with an expansible pencil of very long fine whitish hairs from near base before middle. Hindwings beneath in cell with a longitudinal fringe of downwards-directed curved light grevishochreous hairscales.

Bengal, Pusa, in February (Fletcher); one specimen.

Anarsia idioptila, n. sp.

of. 10 mm. Head and thorax ochreous-grey-whitish sprinkled with grey. Palpi blackish-grey, apical third whitish-grey. Abdomen whitish-grey sprinkled with blackish, anal tuft ochreous-whitish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen extremely obliquely rounded; grey, irregularly sprinkled with blackish, and irrorated with whitish

towards costa and on posterior half; five oblique dark fuscous marks on costa from $\frac{1}{5}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$, median largest; a blackish dot towards costa near base; a short subcostal line of black scales about $\frac{1}{3}$; an indistinct blackish dash in middle of disc: cilia grey sprinkled with whitish. Hindwings grey, thinly scaled and subhyaline except towards apex and termen; costa considerably expanded from base to beyond middle, where it terminates abruptly with a projection of scales. Forewings beneath with an expansible pencil of very long fine whitish hairs from near base below middle.

Bengal, Pusa, in June, taken from Cassia fistula (Fletcher).

Anarsia didymopa, n. sp.

3.9 mm. Head and thorax light grey, face white. Palpi dark fuscous, apical third suffused with whitish. Abdomen dark grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex tolerably pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; grey irrorated with white and sprinkled with blackish; a black dot on base of costa; a short fine black dash towards costa near base; a semioval dark fuscous spot on middle of costa, two cloudy dots before and two beyond this; an indistinct blackish dash in middle of disc: cilia grey sprinkled with white. Hindwings grey, hyaline on basal half except on veins; cilia pale grey.

Bengal, Pusa, in July (Fletcher); one specimen.

Anarsia epotias, n. sp.

Q. 11 mm. Head, palpi, and thorax white sprinkled with grey. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; 7 and 8 out of 6; dark grey finely irrorated with white, costal half wholly suffused with white from base to middle; costal edge black at base; a black subcostal dot near base; four oblique white strigulæ from costa between \(\frac{1}{4}\) and \(\frac{3}{4}\), first edged anteriorly by a short black strigulæ, space between first and second narrowly black, space between second and third forming an oblique blackish spot reaching \(\frac{1}{3}\) across wing, fourth followed by some blackish suffusion on costa; plical and second discal stigma indicated by short blackish dashes, each sending a line of a few scattered black scales to termen: cilia grey sprinkled with whitisb. Hindwings grey, base thinly scaled; cilia pale grey.

Bengal, Pusa, in May (Fletcher); one specimen.

Dichomeris ostracodes, n. sp.

3. 14 mm. Head and thorax brownish-ochreous. Palpi ochreous-whitish, second joint brownish-ochreous except upper hairs, wholly clothed beneath with very long rough projecting hairs, and above with long projecting hairs except towards base. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa slightly arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen nearly straight, rather oblique;

brownish-ochreous; costa irregularly strigulated with dark fuscous from near base to middle; a dark fuscous triangular blotch on costa beyond middle, reaching $\frac{1}{3}$ across wing; stigmata small, dark brownish, plical beneath first diseal, a faint brownish oblique fascia from $\frac{1}{4}$ of costa to these; a narrow dark fuscous terminal fascia: cilia brownish-ochreous. Hindwings and cilia grey.

UPPER BURMA, Lashio, 3000 feet, in August (Fletcher); one

specimen.

Dichomeris brachyptila, n. sp.

3. 9 mm. Head and thorax whitish-ochreous. Palpi ochreous-whitish, second joint suffused with dark grey except towards apex, with rather short triangular apical tuft beneath and expanded with rough scales towards apex above, terminal joint much longer than second, anterior edge blackish. Abdomen light grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex tolerably pointed, termen faintly sinuate, oblique; light yellow-ochreous, irregularly clouded and marbled with grey suffusion, costa minutely speckled with dark fuscous; stigmata blackish, plical somewhat before first discal: eilia light yellow-ochreous, towards tips paler, at base slightly speckled with grey. Hindwings and cilia pale grey.

UPPER BURNA, Myitkyina, in September (Fletcher); one

specimen.

Trichotaphe leucocosma, n. sp.

Q. 11 mm. Head ochreous-white. Palpi white, second joint with scales triangularly expanded above and shortly rough towards apex beneath, dark fuscous except along apical edge. Thorax dark purplish-fuscous, patagia white. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; pale lilac-grey irregularly mixed with dark fuscous, especially posteriorly: a narrow suffused ochreous-white costal streak from base, broadest at base, terminating in a triangular ochreous-white patch at $\frac{2}{3}$ reaching half across wing: a white dot representing plical stigma: cilia pale fuscous, irrorated with dark fuscous except towards base. Hindwings grey; cilia light grey.

NYASSALAND, Mt. Mlanje, in December (Neave); one specimen.

Type in British Museum.

Trichotaphe cymatodes, n. sp.

\$\delta\$ \cong 1. 16-17 mm. Head and thorax pale brownish-ochreous, sides of face fuscous. Palpi whitish-ochreous, second joint fuscous except apical edge, on apical half shortly rough-scaled beneath and expanded with rough hairs above. Abdomen in \$\delta\$ greyish-ochreous, in \$\mathbb{Q}\$ fuscous. Forewings elongate, costa on anterior half strongly arched, slightly sinuate beyond middle and near apex, with cilia forming a strong broad projection between sinua-

tions and again projecting before apex, apex tolerably pointed, termen hardly sinuate, rather oblique; pale brownish-ochreous; first discal stigma moderate, dark brown, conspicuous, plical hardly indicated, beneath first discal, second discal only indicated by a faint brownish line running from its position to dorsum before tornus; a dark brown elongate mark on costa beyond middle; a marginal series of small dark fuscous dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia pale ochreous. Hindwings in 3 light grey, paler anteriorly, in Q rather dark grey; cilia pale grey, in Q somewhat darker.

Assam, Margherita; two specimens.

Trichotaphe melitura, n. sp.

Q. 18 mm. Head, thorax, and abdomen rather dark ashygrey, apex of abdomen ochreous-yellow. Palpi whitish speckled with dark fuscous, second joint dark fuscous except apex, towards apex shortly rough-scaled beneath and with scales expanded above, terminal joint longer than second. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen faintly sinuate, somewhat oblique; dark ashy-grey with faint violet tinge, sprinkled with black specks; a short oblique black streak in disc at $\frac{1}{3}$; costal edge shortly blackish beyond middle: cilia ochreous-whitish at origin just beyond this, otherwise grey. Hindwings dark grey; cilia grey, darker towards base.

Kanara, Mugod, in April (Maxwell); one specimen.

Autosticha auxodelta, n. sp.

♂. 13 mm. Head light fuscous, face whitish-yellowish. Palpi ochreous-whitish, second joint with undefined subapical ring of dark fuscous suffusion, terminal joint suffused with dark fuscous except apex. Thorax dark fuscous. Abdomen dark grey. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen slightly rounded, oblique; dark fuscous; a large ochreous-yellow triangular blotch, edged anteriorly with ochreous-whitish, extending on costa from ⅔ to ⅙, its apex touching dorsum beyond middle: second discal stigma blackish, resting on posterior edge of this blotch; a terminal series of ochreous-whitish dots: cilia pale ochreous-yellowish, towards tornus suffused with grey. Hindwings and cilia grey.

Assam, Khasis, in April; one specimen.

Autosticha iterata, n. sp.

σ Q. 10 mm. Head whitish-ochreous. Palpi whitish-ochreous, second joint with basal $\frac{3}{5}$ and a subapical ring suffused with dark fuscous, terminal joint with more or less developed subapical band of dark fuscous suffusion. Thorax pale ochreous, shoulders infuscated, posterior extremity with a dark fuscous dot. Abdomen light greyish-ochreous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa slightly arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; pale

ochreous, somewhat sprinkled with fuscous and dark fuscous; base of costa blackish; blackish subcostal and dorsal dots near base; stigmata large, blackish, plical rather obliquely before first discal; in $\mathcal Q$ cloudy spots of dark grey irroration on costa at $\frac{3}{4}$ and dorsum opposite; an almost marginal series of cloudy blackish dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia whitish-ochreous sprinkled with fuscous, tending to form indistinct bars. Hindwings pale grey; cilia grey-whitish.

CEYLON, Rambukkhana, in January (Alston); two specimens. Readily distinguished from the very similar vicularis by the

subcostal and dorsal dark dots near base.

Autosticha relaxata, n. sp.

d. 11-12 mm. Head whitish-ochreous sometimes sprinkled with fuscous. Palpi whitish-ochreous sprinkled with dark fuscous, second joint with basal \(\frac{3}{5}\) and a subapical ring suffused with dark fuscous, terminal joint more or less suffused with dark fuscous towards apex. Thorax pale ochreous, more or less sprinkled with fuscous, shoulders suffused with dark fuscous irroration. Abdomen light grey, anal tuft whitish-ochreous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; light grevish-ochreous suffusedly irrorated with fuscous; costa suffusedly irrorated with dark fuscous towards base; a cloudy dark fuscous dot beneath costa near base; stigmata blackish, plical obliquely before first discal, second discal large; apical area more or less suffused with fuscous; an almost marginal row of cloudy blackish dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia whitish-ochreous with two shades of fuscous irroration. Hindwings with termen very obliquely and nearly evenly rounded throughout; grey; cilia pale grey, with darker subbasal shade.

Ceylon, Bandarawela and Haputale, in April and July (Pole, Alston); three specimens. Very similar to authoma, but immediately separated by form of hindwings, which in authoma are

trapezoidal, with lower posterior angle well marked.

Autosticha exemplaris, n. sp.

3. 13 mm. Head and thorax pale greyish-ochreous mixed with fuscous. Palpi ochreous-whitish somewhat sprinkled with light fuscous. Abdomen light greyish-ochreous. Forewings elongate, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse, termen somewhat rounded, rather oblique; pale greyish-ochreous irrorated with rather dark fuscous; a blackish dot on base of costa; stigmata blackish, plical beneath first discal, second discal rather large, a dark fuscous streak from dorsum somewhat beyond this nearly or quite reaching it; an almost marginal row of cloudy dark fuscous dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia pale greyish-ochreous. Hindwings light grey; cilia whitish-grey.

S. India, Coimbatore, bred in October from refuse in fork of tamarind-tree (Fletcher). More uniformly coloured than authorma,

costa of forcwings more arched and termen less oblique, and the absence of dark markings on palpi is a quite peculiar feature. With regard to the larval habit, there were bied from the same collection of refuse several other species of Lepidoptera, some of which appear not to be refuse-feeders, but only to have entered the refuse for pupation or to have been carried in with leaves; but whilst the known Ceylon larvæ of this genus are lichen-feeders, the typical Hawaiian pelodes is a refuse-feeder, and it is therefore quite probable that the present species may have similar habits.

Autosticha petrotoma, n. sp.

2. 18 mm. Head and thorax grey-whitish speckled with dark fuscous. Palpi ochreous-grey-whitish, with basal half and a subapical ring of second joint, and two rings of terminal joint black. Abdomen ochreous-whitish sprinkled with grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, posteriorly slightly dilated, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; grey-whitish speckled with black; a black dot on base of costa, and a subcostal one close beyond it; small black spots on costa at \frac{1}{5} and before and beyond middle; stigmata black, plical and first discal small, plical rather obliquely posterior, second discal larger, confluent with a blackish spot lying above and beyond it; three black dots on costa posteriorly, from first of which a curved series of black dots runs to tornus, closely adjacent to termen on lower half; some undefined small black dots on termen: cilia pale whitish-ochrous, with faint grey median line, and indistinctly barred with grey on basal half. Hindwings light grey; cilia ochreous-whitish, with faint greyish antemedian shade.

CEYLON, Nuwara Eliya, in September, "in a ditch" (Whittle); one specimen.

Autosticha flavescens, n. sp.

3. 14-15 mm. Head pale ochreous-yellowish, sometimes tinged with grey, sides marked with blackish. Palpi whitish-yellow, second joint more or less strongly mixed with blackish, terminal joint with blackish median band. Thorax pale ochreous-yellowish more or less spotted with blackish dorsally, patagia blackish except towards tips. Abdomen greyish, anal tuit pale yellowish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; light ochreous-yellowish, irregularly clouded with coarse blackish irroration; a strong blackish dot on base of costa; stigmata represented by round cloudy blackish spots, plical beneath first discal; an irregular grey patch irrorated with black occupying apical area except margins; an almost marginal series of small cloudy blackish spots round posterior half of costa and termen: cilia pale ochreous-yellowish, basal half somewhat sprinkled irregularly with blackish. Hindwings grey; cilia pale greyish, base whitish.

CEYLON, Pundaloya and Peradeniya, in February and March

(Green); three specimens.

Autosticha crocothicta, n. sp.

 \mathcal{S} . 16 mm. Head violet-fuscous, sides suffused with yellowish. Palpi pale yellowish, second joint fuscous except apex, terminal joint with anterior edge dark fuscous. Antennal ciliations 1. Thorax violet-fuscous. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex pointed, termen slightly sinuate, rather strongly oblique; violet-fuscous; extreme costal edge pale ochreous-yellowish from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$; stigmata blackish, plical slightly before first discal; a blackish dot on dorsum beneath second discal, edged posteriorly with pale yellowish; an almost marginal row of cloudy blackish dots round apical fifth of costa and termen: cilia light fuscous, paler towards tips on termen, suffused with grey round apex, pale ochreous-yellowish on costa from origin to $\frac{5}{6}$. Hindwings grey, darker on veins and posteriorly; cilia grey.

CEYLON, Namunukuli, 6000 feet, in February (Green); one

specimen.

Autosticha spilochorda, n. sp.

3. 20 mm. Head whitish-ochreous, sidetufts whitish. Palpi white, second joint fuscous except apex. Antennal ciliations 1. Thorax brownish. Abdomen ochreous-fuscous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen obliquely rounded; light brown, sprinkled with whitish except on a broad median longitudinal streak; costal edge blackish towards base; a blackish line along fold from near base to beneath first discal stigma; discal stigmata moderately large, blackish, connected by a slender undefined dark fuscous line; between second discal and upper part of termen are dark fuscous scales scattered along veins; an almost marginal series of indistinct cloudy dark fuscous dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia pale brownish, with indistinct antemedian shade of dark fuscous irroration. Hindwings rather light grey; cilia pale brownish.

S. India, Nilgiris, 6000 feet, in May (Andrewes); two specimens.

Autosticha xanthograpta, n. sp.

♂. 15 mm. Head and thorax orange tinged with fuscous. Palpi orange, second joint with fuscous streak on basal ¾ and subapical ring, terminal joint with fuscous median band. Antennal ciliations 2. Abdomen fuscous. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen nearly straight, oblique; dark fuscous; a small basal spot of ochreous-orange suffusion; stigmata represented by small cloudy pale ochreous-yellowish spots, plical beneath first discal; a similar cloudy dot on dorsum beneath second discal; some pale ochreous-yellowish suffusion towards costa before apex, in which are two dark fuscous praemarginal dots; three pale yellowish dots on termen: cilia fuscous, towards middle of termen and on costa before apex suffused with pale ochreous. Hindwings dark grey; cilia grey.

CEYLON, Madulsima, in March (Green); one specimen.

Symmoca acatharta Meyr.

Having obtained better specimens, I find that my description is inadequate, the principal features being omitted, viz. large tufts representing the stigmata (rubbed in the original specimens), ochreous-whitish anteriorly, dark fuscous posteriorly, plical beneath first discal, second discal double, edged with whitish-yellowish posteriorly.

Symmoca dolabrata, n. sp.

Q. 16 mm. Head white. Palpi white, second joint dark fuscous except towards apex. Thorax whitish, shoulders narrowly dark fuscous. Abdomen light grey, segments banded with ochreous. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; pale grey suffused with white, with a few scattered dark fuscous scales; markings fuscous suffusedly irrorated with black; a narrow basal fascia, widest on dorsum, edge convex; small spots transversely placed representing plical and first discal stigmata; a transverse blotch from dorsum towards tornus reaching a cross wing, with a strong projection from its anterior edge in middle of disc; a small cloudy spot on costa at \(\frac{2}{3}\); a small apical spot, and two black dots on termen beneath it: cilia ochreouswhitish, with a few dark fuscous specks. Hindwings grey; cilia grey-whitish.

S. India, Nilgiris, 7000 feet, in March (Andrewes); one specimen.

Epimimastis escharitis, n. sp.

3. 19 mm. Head grey. Palpi dark grey. Thorax rather dark brown. Abdomen grey, anal tuft whitish-ochreous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse, termen slightly rounded, rather oblique; rather dark brown; costal edge suffused with fulvous-ochreous on median third; two blackish dots transversely placed on end of cell: cilia grey, with dark fuscous basal line. Hindwings rather dark grey; cilia grey.

CEYLON, Namunukuli, 6000 feet, in February (Green); one

specimen.

Epimimastis emblematica, n. sp.

 σ . 13-14 mm. Head brassy-whitish-ochreous, sides of face sometimes grey. Palpi dark grey, tip ochreous-whitish. Thorax whitish-yellow, shoulders blackish. Abdomen whitish-ochreous more or less mixed with grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen slightly rounded, rather oblique; pale ochreous-yellowish, with some scattered dark fuscous specks; a blackish mark on base of costa; small wedge-shaped blackish spots on costa at $\frac{1}{5}$ and $\frac{2}{5}$; a triangular blackish-grey blotch on costa about $\frac{2}{3}$, reaching half across wing and becoming pale brownish-ochreous at apex: a small blackish mark on costa just beyond this; a pale brownish-ochreous irregular transverse

blotch crossing fold at $\frac{2}{5}$ of wing, irregularly edged with dark fuscous specks; a small blackish-grey spot on dorsum towards tornus; an irregular dark fuscous streak along termen: cilia grey, beneath tornus whitish-grey-ochreous. Hindwings and cilia light grey.

Assam, Khasis, in September and October; five specimens.

Epimimastis tegminata, n. sp.

3 Q. 11 mm. Head and thorax pale brownish-ochreous. Palpi ochreous-whitish, second joint suffusedly irrorated with dark fuscous except tip, terminal joint with anterior edge dark fuscous. Abdomen whitish-ochreous, in Q suffused with greyish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen rounded, rather oblique; 6 out of 8 near base; brownish-ochreous; plical and first discal stigmata blackish, plical rather posterior; three or four cloudy wedgeshaped blackish marks on posterior half of costa; a terminal streak of blackish irroration, including a fine whitish line just before margin: cilia pale ochreous, on tornus grey, above apex with grey spot. Hindwings grey, veins darker, towards base thinly scaled, on dorsum tinged with pale yellowish; cilia light grey, becoming pale yellowish on dorsum.

Queensland, Townsville (Dodd); two specimens.

LEXIARCHA, n. g.

Head smooth; ocelli present; tengue developed. Antennæ ¾, in ♂ simple, basal joint moderate, without pecten. Labial palpi very long, recurved, with appressed scales, terminal joint as long as second, acute. Maxillary palpi very short, filiform, appressed to tengue. Posterior tibiæ clothed with rough scales above. Forewings with 2 and 3 connate from angle, 7 and 8 out of 6, 7 to costa, 11 from middle. Hindwings somewhat over 1, trapezoidal, apex pointed, termen somewhat sinuate beneath apex, cilia 1; 3 and 4 connate, 5 curved, approximated, 6 and 7 remote, parallel, transverse vein very oblique from 6 to 7.

A development of Protolechia.

Lexiarcha galactopa, n. sp.

3. 11 mm. Head, palpi, and thorax ochreous-white, posterior extremity of thorax dark fuscous. Abdomen grey, anal tuft pale ochreous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa slightly arched, apex tolerably pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; dark fuscous, faintly purplish-tinged; base narrowly ochreous-white; a broad irregular-edged whitish-ochreous transverse fascia about \(\frac{3}{4}\): cilia grey, sprinkled with dark fuscous towards base. Hindwings grey, thinly scaled towards base; a thin subdorsal expansible hairpencil of very long fine pale grey hairs; cilia grey. North Australia, Port Darwin (Dodd); one specimen.

Protolechia erudita, n. sp.

♂. 17 mm. Head and thorax dark fuscous finely sprinkled with whitish. Palpi blackish, second and terminal joints each with base and apex light ochreous-yellowish. Abdomen dark fuscous, anal tuft light yellowish. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; grey irrorated with dark fuscous; an irregular transverse ochreous-yellow spot from costa near base; stigmata represented by small irregular white spots, plical obliquely beyond first discal, second discal larger and partially including two dark dots, surrounded by some scattered whitish scales; a row of irregular white dots very near margin round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia rather dark fuscous sprinkled with ochreous-whitish points, basal half barred with light ochreous-yellowish. Hindwings light ochreous-yellow, basal fourth and a broad costal streak becoming obsolete towards apex dark grey; cilia light ochreous-yellow.

VICTORIA, Birchip, in September (Lyell); one specimen.

Anaptilora ephelotis, n. sp.

3. 13 mm. Head, palpi, antennæ, thorax, and abdomen whitish-ochreous; antennæ stout. Forewings elongate, posteriorly slightly dilated, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse, termen slightly rounded, somewhat oblique; whitish-ochreous, with a few scattered dark fuscous specks; a black dot towards base above middle; stigmata black, plical rather obliquely beyond first discal, second discal rather large; faint traces of a fuscous subterminal line; a marginal series of small indistinct dark fuscous dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia whitish-ochreous. Hindwings with upper part of termen somewhat oblique; pale whitish-ochreous, tinged with grey posteriorly; cilia ochreous-whitish.

NORTH AUSTRALIA, Port Darwin (Dodd); one specimen.

Anaptilora parasira, n. sp.

3 Q. 11-12 mm. Head, palpi, antennæ, thorax, and abdomen whitish-ochreous, second joint of palpi somewhat infuscated. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; whitish-ochreous, with scattered dark fuscous specks; stigmata blackish, plical slightly before first discal; a marginal row of blackish dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia whitish-ochreous. Hindwings with upper part of termen rather strongly oblique; grey-whitish; cilia whitish.

NORTH AUSTRALIA, Port Darwin (Dodd); two specimens. Very similar to the preceding, yet easily distinguished by form of wing,

as well as difference of markings.

Anaptilora homoclera, n. sp.

ਰ Q. 11-12 mm. Head and thorax greyish-ochreous. Palpi whitish-ochreous irrorated with dark fuscous. Abdomen grey, anal tuft pale ochreous. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; pale greyish-ochreous, more or less irrorated with fuscous and dark fuscous; blackish dots near base above middle and almost on dorsum; stigmata rather large, blackish, plical somewhat before first discal; a marginal series of blackish dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia light greyish-ochreous. Hindwings with upper part of termen rather oblique; grey; cilia light grey.

NORTH AUSTRALIA, Port Darwin (Dodd); two specimens. Differs from eremias by the small size, and plical stigma preceding first

discal.

Crocanthes characotis, n. sp.

 $\mathfrak Q$. 11 mm. Head and thorax ochreous-yellow, face and palpi ochreous-whitish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen nearly straight, oblique; 10 separate; deep ochreous-yellow; markings dark fuscous; a dot beneath base of costa, and a mark on base of dorsum; two transverse slightly incurved lines, at about $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$; first discal stigma small, following first line, second larger, preceding second line: cilia whitish-ochreous, on termen suffused with light grey. Hindwings grey; costal area (interrupted by a bar at $\frac{2}{3}$), an irregular apical patch, and an irregular terminal line pale yellowish; a cloudy darker grey spot on end of cell; cilia whitish-yellowish.

NORTH AUSTRALIA, Port Darwin (Dodd); one specimen.

Crocanthes chordotona, n. sp.

 \mathfrak{P} . 13 mm. Head and thorax pale yellow. Palpi ochreous-whitish, terminal joint infuscated towards apex. Abdomen light yellowish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex pointed, termen slightly sinuate, rather strongly oblique; 10 out of 7; deep ochreous-yellow, with a few scattered purplish scales; markings dark purple-fuscous; three nearly straight transverse lines, first almost basal, second at $\frac{1}{3}$, third slightly beyond $\frac{2}{3}$, somewhat inwards-oblique from costa; second discal stigma moderato, preceding third line: cilia pale ochreous. Hindwings whitish-yellowish; a grey dot on end of cell; a sinuate transverse grey line at $\frac{2}{3}$; cilia pale ochreous-yellowish.

Queensland, Townsville (Dodd); one specimen.

TELEPHATA, n. g.

Head with appressed hairs; occlli present; tongue short (?). Antennæ 1 (or over?), in 3 very stout, compressed, simple, basal joint moderate, without peeten. Labial palpi moderate, curved, subascending, second joint not reaching base of antennæ, much thickened with dense scales, rough beneath, terminal joint somewhat shorter than second, moderate, scaled, pointed. Maxillary palpi very short, filiform, appressed to tongue. Posterior tibiæ and basal joint of tarsi clothed with rough hairs above. Forewings

with 2 and 3 stalked from angle, 7 and 8 long-stalked, 7 to termen, 11 from beyond middle. Hindwings 1, elongate-trapezoidal, termen faintly sinuate, cilia 1; 2 and 3 slightly approximated towards base, 3 and 4 widely remote, parallel, 5 hardly approximated to 4, 6 and 7 long-stalked.

Allied to Lecithocera.

Telephata cheramopis, n. sp.

3. 14-15 mm. Head and thorax ochreous-white. Palpi whitish, second joint dark fuscous except apex. Abdomen grey, anal tuft pale ochreous. Forewings elongate, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; ochreous-white; a rather elongate blackish spot on base of costa; stigmata represented by black spots, first discal round, plical smaller, evate, directly beneath it, second discal large, transverse-oval; three or four indistinct cloudy marginal fuscous dots round apex: cilia ochreous-whitish. Hindwings rather dark grey; cilia grey.

NEW GUINEA, Yule I.; two specimens.

Lecithocera linocoma, n. sp.

Q. 9 mm. Head and antennæ ochreous-whitish. Palpi whitish, second joint fuscous except apex. Thorax and abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; 3 absent, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to termen; rather dark grey irrorated with whitish; discal stigmata blackish; margin irregularly blackish round apex and upper part of termen: cilia grey. Hindwings with 3 and 4 coincident; light grey; cilia pale grey.

NORTH AUSTRALIA, Port Darwin (Dodd); two specimens.

Lecithocera anympha, n. sp.

Q. 10 mm. Head grey, sides of crown ochreous-whitish. Palpi whitish, second joint dark fuscous except apex. Antennæ whitish indistinctly dotted with grey. Thorax dark fuscous. Abdomen greyish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; 3 absent, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to termen; dark purple-fuscous; stigmata represented by obscure cloudy blackish spots, plical beneath first discal: cilia purplish-grey, with darker median shade. Hindwings with 3 and 4 stalked; rather light grey; cilia pale grey.

NORTH AUSTRALIA, Port Darwin (Dodd); one specimen.

Lecithocera poliocoma, n. sp.

Q. 12 mm. Head grey-whitish. Palpi whitish, second joint dark fuscous except apex. Antennæ whitish. Thorax dark fuscous. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; 2 and 3 stalked, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to termen; dark ashy-fuscous: cilia ashy-grey. Hindwings with 3 and 4 stalked; grey; cilia grey.

NORTH AUSTRALIA, Port Darwin (Dodd); one specimen. vol. 1.—June 1916.

Lecithocera nomaditis, n. sp.

 σ . 15 mm. Head light ochreous-yellowish, face fuscous. Palpi yellow-whitish, second joint fuscous except apex, terminal joint with anterior edge dark fuscous. Antennæ whitish-yellowish. Thorax bronzy-brownish. Abdomen bronzy-grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen nearly straight; somewhat oblique; 2 and 3 stalked, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to termen; purple-bronzy-fuscous, darker towards base of costa; costal edge suffused with fulvous-ochreous from $\frac{1}{3}$ to near apex; an indistinct darker transverse mark on end of cell; a dark fuscous terminal line: eilia fuscous, basal third yellow-ochreous. Hindwings with 3 and 4 stalked; rather dark grey; eilia grey.

Solomon Is., Choiseul (Meek); one specimen.

ENCRASIMA, n. g.

Head smooth; occili present; tongue developed. Antennæ $\frac{3}{4}$, in \Im simple, basal joint moderate, without peeten. Labial palpi very long, recurved, second joint with appressed scales, terminal joint as long as second, slender, acute. Maxillary palpi very short, filiform, appressed to tongue. Posterior tibiæ clothed with rough hairs above. Forewings with 2 from towards angle, 3–5 approximated, 7 absent, 11 from middle. Hindwings somewhat over 1, trapezoidal-ovate, termen slightly sinuate beneath apex, cilia $\frac{2}{5}$; 3 and 4 connate, 5 slightly approximated to 4, 6 and 7 connate.

Type reversa Meyr. Differs from Autosticha by the separation

of vein 2 of forewings.

Encrasima elaeopis, n. sp.

σ Q. 20-22 mm. Head light ochreous-yellow. Palpi light yellowish, second joint in σ grey except tip, in Q with a grey streak. Thorax light greyish-ochreous, anterior margin yellowish. Abdomen light grey, segmental margins and anal tuft light yellowish. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen slightly rounded, somewhat oblique; ochreous-yellow, more or less greyish-tinged except towards costa; stigmata blackish, plical somewhat beyond first discal; an almost marginal row of blackish dots round posterior part of costa and termen: eilia clear ochreous-yellow. Hindwings grey; cilia pale yellowish, with light grey subbasal shade.

ČEYLON, Haputale and Kandy, in April and June (Alston, Mack-

wood); three specimens.

Encrasima reversa, n. sp.

3 Q. 22-26 mm. Head and thorax light ochreous-orange, sometimes tinged with fuscous. Palpi ochreous-yellowish, second joint grey except apex. Abdomen grey, apex ochreous-yellow. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen slightly rounded, rather oblique; ochreous-orange-yellowish, some-

times wholly tinged with fuscous; stigmata black, plical rather before first diseal; a cloudy grey dot on dorsum beneath second discal; an almost marginal row of black dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia concolorous but somewhat yellower. Hindwings rather dark grey; cilia grey.

CEVLON, Horton Plains, Pattipola, Maskeliya, in November,

December, March, April, and June (Pole, Green); six specimens.

PROTOBATHRA, n. g.

Head with appressed scales, sidetufts raised, spreading; ocelli present; tongue developed. Antennæ 3, basal joint elongate, without pecten. Labial palpi very long, recurved, second joint with appressed scales, terminal joint rather shorter than second, slender, acute. Maxillary palpi very short, filiform, appressed to tongue. Posterior tibiæ clothed with rough scales above. Forewings with 2 from towards angle, 3-5 approximated, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to apex, 11 from middle. Hindwings somewhat over 1, trapezoidal-ovate, termen slightly sinuate beneath apex, cilia ½; 3 and 4 short-stalked, 5 rather approximated to 4, 6 and 7 connate.

Protobathra erista, n. sp.

2. 20 mm. Head ochreous-white, sometimes suffusedly mixed with fuscous. Palpi white, second joint dark fuscous except apex, terminal joint suffused with dark fuscous towards base. Thorax dark fuscous somewhat mixed with whitish, with two white posterior spots. Abdomen ochreous-whitish. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen slightly rounded, rather oblique; fuscous, more or less irrorated suffusedly with dark fuscous; cloudy dark fuscous 8-shaped spots in disk before and beyond middle representing stigmata; in one specimen the discal area all round these is wholly suffused with white, extending broadly to costa and dorsum beyond middle, and there is a patch of white suffusion towards basal portion of dorsum, and an irregular suffused white subterminal fascia, in the other specimen these white areas are only indicated by some irregular white irroration: cilia whitish mixed with fuscous. Hindwings fuscous, paler anteriorly; cilia fuscous-whitish.

S. India, Nilgiris, 6000 feet (Andrewes), Ootacamund (Green),

in May; two specimens.

BLASTOBASIDÆ.

Blastobasis crassifica, n. sp.

♂ 2. 12-13 mm. Head whitish-ochreous. Palpi whitishochreous, in & with second joint somewhat sprinkled with fuscous except towards apex, terminal joint as long as second, very stout, somewhat trigonate, obtuse-pointed, in Q sprinkled with dark fuscous. Antennæ in & with strong notch near base of stalk.

Thorax whitish-ochreous, anteriorly irrorated or suffused with dark fuscous. Abdomen in \mathcal{S} ochreous-whitish, in \mathcal{S} light greyish-ochreous, dark segmental lines well-marked. Forewings narrow, long-pointed, acute; 4 and 5 stalked; in \mathcal{S} whitish-ochreous slightly sprinkled with grey, in \mathcal{S} fuscous irrorated with whitish and sprinkled with dark fuscous; stigmata indistinct, dark fuscous, plical somewhat before first discal, a cloudy dark dot on dorsum beneath second discal: cloudy dark fuscous marginal dots round posterior part of costa and termen, in \mathcal{S} very indistinct: cilia pale ochreous-greyish. Hindwings grey, thinly scaled towards base; cilia pale ochreous-greyish.

Ceylon, Madulsima, in November (Green), five specimens; Bengal, Pusa, bred in March from pods of Crotalaria juncea (Fletcher), one 3. The larvæ of this genus, however, appear usually to feed on seeds and dry refuse rather indiscriminately, without being

confined to particular plants.

Blastobasis curta, n. sp.

& Q. 9-12 mm. Head whitish-ochreous more or less tinged or sprinkled with grey. Palpi whitish-ochreous more or less irrorated with dark fuscous, terminal joint in & shorter than second, stout, obtuse-pointed. Antennæ in o with notch near base of stalk. Thorax whitish-ochreous sprinkled with grey, more or less suffused with dark grey anteriorly. Abdomen in of pale greyish-ochreous or whitish-ochreous, in ♀ light grey. Forewings narrow, longpointed; 4 and 5 connate or closely approximated at base; grey irrorated with ochreous-whitish and sprinkled with dark fuscous; stigmata cloudy, dark fuscous, plical slightly before first discal, sometimes indistinct dark dots on costa and dorsum before these. and a faint whitish-tinged slender curved fascia preceding them, a cloudy dark fuscous dot on dorsum beneath second discal; indistinct darker marginal dots on posterior part of costa and termen: cilia pale grey, sprinkled with whitish points. Hindwings grey, thinly scaled towards base; cilia pale grey.

Kanara, Ganesh Gudi and Belke, in April (Maxwell); S. India, Nilgiris, 3500 feet, in May and July (Andrewes); ten specimens.

Blastobasis decolor Meyr.

S. India, Coimbatore, bred in October from refuse in fork of tamarind (Fletcher).

Blastobasis semilutea, n. sp.

3. 10 mm. Head whitish-ochreous. Palpi pale greyish-ochreous, second joint dark fuscous except apex, terminal joint as long as second, moderate, tolerably pointed. Antennæ with strong notch near base of stalk. Thorax whitish-ochreous suffusedly irrorated with grey. Forewings narrow, moderately pointed, acute; 4 and 5 connate; dark grey irrorated with whitish;

stigmata obscurely darker; plical somewhat before first discal, a cloudy dot on dorsum beneath second discal: cilia pale grey, sprinkled with whitish points. Hindwings light grey, on dorsal half light yellow-ochreous from base to near middle; cilia pale grey.

S. India, Coimbatore, in August, taken at light (Fletcher); one

specimen.

Blastobasis spermologa, n. sp.

of Q. 11-17 mm. Head whitish-ochreous. Palpi whitish-ochreous suffusedly irrorated with dark fuscous, in 3 with terminal joint \(\frac{2}{3} \) of second, moderate, pointed. Antennæ in 3 with noteh near base of stalk. Thorax greyish-ochreous suffusedly irrorated with fuscous. Abdomen greyish, anal tuft pale ochreous. Forewings narrow, attenuated from near base, acute; 4 and 5 connate or short-stalked; fuscous, variably whitish-sprinkled; discal stigmata dark fuscous, first usually absorbed in a fascia of dark fuscous suffusion before middle, anterior edge somewhat concave or nearly straight or sometimes angularly indented in middle, preceded by more or less strong white suffusion, small cloudy dark fuscous spots on costa and dorsum opposite second discal; dark fuscous marginal dots round apex, often merged in general dark suffusion: cilia light grey, sprinkled with whitish points. Hindwings grey, paler towards base; cilia light grey.

CEYLON, Maskeliya, Madulsima, Undugoda (Pole, Green, Vaughan, Alston); S. India, Wainad, 2500 feet, bred from tea-seed (Andrewes); China, bred at Port Darwin, North Australia, from dried smoked garlic imported from Hongkong (Hill); in May and

June and from September to February, fourteen specimens.

Blastobasis incuriosa, n. sp.

3. 17 mm. Head and thorax light greyish-ochreons. Palpi fuscous, pale-sprinkled, terminal joint shorter than second, moderate, tolerably pointed. Antennæ with notch near base of stalk. Abdomen ochreous-whitish. Forewings very narrow, moderately pointed; 4 and 5 short-stalked; fuscous, faintly whitish-sprinkled, with scattered dark fuscous scales; stigmata obscurely darker, plical rather before first discal, small cloudy obscure darker spots on costa and dorsum opposite second discal; indistinct dark fuscous marginal dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia pale fuscous, slightly whitish-sprinkled. Hindwings rather dark grey, base paler; cilia light fuscous.

NEW SOUTH WALES, Sydney, in the Botanical Garden in Sep-

tember; one specimen.

SYNCOLA, n. g.

Characters of Blastobasis, but forewings with 7 and 8 coincident.

Syncola epaphria, n. sp.

3 ♀. 20-21 mm. Head and thorax whitish mixed with dark grey. Palpi whitish, second joint dark fuscous except apex, terminal joint somewhat shorter than second, slender, acute, anteriorly suffusedly irrorated with dark fuscous. Antennæ in & without basal notch. Abdomen whitish, segmental lines strongly marked. Forewings narrow, costa gently arched, apex tolerably pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; fuscous, irrorated or largely suffused with whitish; a blackish dash or elongate spot on fold about \(\frac{1}{4}\); stigmata black, plical obliquely before first discal, placed in a transverse fascia of dark fuscous suffusion sometimes interrupted above middle, a small black linear dot preceding second discal; a blackish dash (obsoleto in 3) between and above discal stigmata, connected with costa by a patch of darker fuscous suffusion; indistinct dark fuscous marginal dots round apex, sometimes obsolete: cilia pale brownish-ochreous sprinkled with whitish. Hindwings light grey; cilia pale brownish-ochreous.

CEYLON, Maskeliya and Namunukuli (6000 feet), in February,

May, and August (Green); three specimens.

PROSINTIS, n. g.

Characters of Blastobasis, but forewings with 4 and 5 coincident, 7 and 8 coincident.

Prosintis florivora, n. sp.

\$\delta\$. 9-11 mm. Head ochreous-whitish slightly sprinkled with grey. Palpi whitish sprinkled with dark fuscous, terminal joint somewhat shorter than second, slender, pointed. Antennæ without basal notch. Thorax ochreous-whitish sprinkled with dark fuscous. Abdomen grey-whitish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa slightly arched, apex pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; whitish irrorated with grey, more strongly in \$\delta\$, with scattered dark fuscous scales; small dark fuscous spots on base of costa, and on fold towards base; a moderate oblique dark grey fascia before middle, plical stigma forming a dark fuscous spot on this, first discal dark fuscous, rather beyond this, second discal blackish, forming apex of a dark grey tornal spot; a grey patch on costa beyond middle, and some grey clouding towards apex: cilia whitish-grey, sprinkled with dark fuscous towards base. Hindwings grey, paler towards base; cilia whitish-grey.

BENGAL, Pusa, bred in June from larva feeding in inflorescence of Mangifera indica (Fletcher); Ceylon, Madulsima, in May

(Fletcher).

EXINOTIS, n. g.

Characters of Blastobasis, but forewings with 4 and 5 coincident.

Exinotis catachlora, n. sp.

σ Q. 15-17 mm. Head, palpi, thorax, and abdomen whitishochreous, terminal joint of palpi somewhat shorter than second, slender, acute. Antennæ without basal notch. Forewings narrow, moderately pointed, acute; whitish-ochreous; plical and second diseal stigmata indicated by small indistinct spots of faint fuscous suffusion: cilia whitish-ochreous. Hindwings whitish-ochreousgrey; cilia whitish-ochreous.

S. India, Nilgiris, 3500 feet, in April (Andrewes); Ceyton, Madulsima and Kalutara, in June and July (Green, Alston); three

specimens.

Holcocera macrotona, n. sp.

d. 18 mm. Head, palpi, and thorax dark ashy-fuscous speckled with whitish. Abdomen grey-whitish. Forewings narrow, moderately pointed, acute; dark ashy-fuscous, slightly whitish-sprinkled; discal stigmata small, blackish: cilia light grey, slightly whitish-sprinkled. Hindwings grey; cilia light grey.

S. India, Nilgiris, 7000 feet, in April (Andrewes); one specimen. Certainly distinct from pulverea by the narrower and more acute

forewings.

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OXYLYCHNA, n. g.

Head densely rough-haired; ocelli present; tongue absent. Antennæ 1, in σ simple, basal joint elongate, without pecten. Labial palpi moderately long, porrected, slender, second joint with some long projecting lateral bristles towards apex, terminal joint as long as second, hardly pointed. Maxillary palpi long, several-jointed, folded, filiform. Posterior tibiæ with appressed scales. Forewings with 1b simple, 2 from angle, 3 absent, 5–7 approximated at base, 7 to costa, 11 from towards base. Hindwings $\frac{1}{2}$, linear-lanceolate, cilia 6; 3–5 absent, transverse vein absent, 6 and 7 nearly approximated at base.

Type phepsalias Meyr., from Ceylon, formerly referred to Endophthora, which genus, however, I have since restricted to a

single New Zealand species.

CALLICERASTIS, n. g.

Head with loosely appressed hairs, side-tufts rough; occili present; tongue absent. Antennæ $\frac{3}{4}$, basal joint moderate, without pecten. Labial palpi long, porrected, second joint with several long projecting lateral bristles, rough above and with moderately long rough projecting apical tuft beneath, terminal joint much shorter than second, rough-scaled beneath, hardly pointed. Maxillary palpi several-jointed, folded, tolerably filiform, basal joint

rough-scaled. Posterior tibiæ clothed with very long fine rough hairs above. Forewings with 2 from $\frac{3}{4}$, 3 from angle, 7 absent, 11 from $\frac{1}{3}$. Hindwings $\frac{4}{5}$, ovate-lanceolate, cilia $1\frac{1}{4}$; 2 and 3 appearing as branches of lower median, 4 absent, cell open between 3 and 5, 5 and 6 stalked.

Callicerastis stagmatias, n. sp.

Q. 14 mm. Head and palpi pale yellow-ochreous. Thorax dark fuscous, with pale yellow-ochreous posterior spot. Abdomen dark grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; blackish; a pale yellow-ochreous spot on base of dorsum; an irregular somewhat interrupted silvery-white line from middle of costa to middle of dorsum, edged posteriorly on dorsum by a triangular pale yellow-ochreous spot; a small silvery-white spot on costa at $\frac{4}{5}$, and one above tornus: cilia dark fuscous. Hindwings and cilia rather dark fuscous.

Ceylon, Maskeliya, in January (Pole); one specimen.

Epactris lotina, n. sp.

 σ . 11 mm. Head, palpi, and thorax blackish. Antennæ ochreous-whitish. Abdomen pale greyish. Forewings elongate, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; glossy whitish-ochreous; a thick dark fuscous streak along costa from base to $\frac{2}{3}$, widest at $\frac{1}{3}$ where it is somewhat angularly prominent beneath and reaches nearly half across wing, thence narrowed to extremities; a dark fuscous line along basal third of dorsum; a small dark fuscous spot on fold beneath middle of wing; an irregular dark fuscous spot in disc at $\frac{3}{5}$, from which proceed undefined longitudinal lines of dark fuscous mottling above and below middle, connecting with series of irregular small cloudy spots along posterior part of costa and termen; cilia whitish-ochreous. Hindwings pale grey; cilia whitish.

Mysore, Bababudins, 4500 feet, in November (Fletcher); one

specimen.

CONIASTIS, n. g.

Head rough-haired; tongue rudimentary. Antennæ $\frac{2}{4}$, in 3 with very long fine spreading ciliations, basal joint moderate, stout, with strong pecten. Labial palpi moderately long, subascending, second joint with rough projecting scales anteriorly and some long bristles laterally and at apex above, terminal joint as long as second, somewhat loosely scaled, hardly pointed. Maxillary palpi several-jointed, folded, filiform. Posterior tibiæ elothed with very long dense hairs above. Forewings with 1b simple, 2 from angle, 6 and 7 stalked, 7 to costa, 11 from $\frac{1}{3}$. Hindwings 1, ovatelanceolate, cilia $1\frac{1}{2}$; 2 from angle, 2-4 parallel, 5 and 6 stalked, 6 to costa, 7 nearly parallel.

Coniastis sectilis, n. sp.

 σ . 13-15 mm. Head grey-whitish. Palpi whitish, second joint suffusedly irrorated with dark fuscous. Thorax whitish slightly sprinkled with fuscous, shoulders with spot of dark fuscous irroration. Abdomen grey-whitish. Forewings narrow, costa gently arched, apex pointed, termen extremely oblique; silvery-grey-whitish; four slender rather oblique irregular ochreous-brownish fasciæ, irregularly margined with blackish irroration, at $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, middle, and $\frac{3}{4}$, an oblique spot from costa at $\frac{2}{3}$, and instinct striæ between and beyond these, forming distinct dots or strigulæ on costa: cilia whitish, with some dark fuscous specks towards base. Hindwings grey, hyaline in disc anteriorly; cilia ochreous-grey-whitish.

Q. 22 mm. Forewings with fasciæ more irregular, more spotted generally with black irroration; hindwings without hyaline

area anteriorly.

CEYLON, Maskeliya, in May, July, October, and November (Pole); seven specimens.

ECHYROTA, n. g.

Head rough-haired; ocelli present; tongue absent. Antennæ $\frac{5}{6}$, in β simple, basal joint moderate, without pecten. Labial palpi moderately long, subascending, second joint rough-scaled beneath, with some lateral bristles, terminal joint shorter than second, slightly roughened anteriorly, hardly pointed. Maxillary palpi several-jointed, folded, filiform. Posterior tibiæ clothed with long hairs above. Forewings with raised tufts on surface; 1b shortfurcate, 2 from $\frac{4}{5}$, 3 and 4 connate from angle, 5 and 6 stalked, 7 absent, 11 from $\frac{1}{3}$. Hindwings 1, ovate-lanceolate, cilia $1\frac{1}{4}$; 2 widely remote from angle, 3 absent or in 2 stalked with 4, 4 from angle, 5 and 6 stalked, 7 parallel.

Echyrota chalicitis, n. sp.

3. 17-18 mm. Head whitish. Palpi white, second joint dark fuscous except towards apex, terminal joint with dark fuscous basal and supramedian rings. Thorax whitish sprinkled with fuscous, shoulders with dark fuscous spot. Abdomen whitish. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa gently arched, apex pointed, termen extremely obliquely rounded; whitish, obscurely sprinkled with fuscous and dark fuscous, appearing to form indistinct transverse striæ; rather oblique irregular dark fuscous trsnsverse lines of raised scales at \frac{1}{5} and \frac{2}{5}, dark fuscous dots on costa near base and in middle, and several smaller and more indistinct posteriorly: cilia ochreous-whitish, with a few dark fuscous specks. Hindwings pale grey, thinly scaled anteriorly; cilia ochreous-whitish.

S. India, Palnis, 6000 feet (Campbell); two specimens. Also a 2, 15 mm., from Nilgiris, 6500 feet, in May (Andrewes), which

is probably the other sex of this species, but has vein 3 of hind-wings present (as noted above), and distinct dark fuscous dots on forewings in disc at $\frac{3}{4}$ and on tornus.

PERISTACTIS, n. g.

Head rough-haired; ocelli present; tongue absent. Antennæ $\frac{4}{5}$, in \mathcal{S} rather stout, compressed, simple, basal joint moderate, with pecten. Labial palpi moderately long, subascending, with appressed scales, second joint with some long apical bristles above, terminal joint shorter than second, hardly pointed. Maxillary palpi several-jointed, folded, filiform. Posterior tibiæ clothed with long fine hairs above. Forewings with 1 b furcate, 2 from angle, 6 absent, 7 to costa, 11 from near base. Hindwings $\frac{3}{4}$, ovate-lanceolate, cilia $1\frac{1}{2}$; 2-4 parallel, 5 and 6 stalked, 6 to termen, 7 parallel.

Peristactis taraxias, n. sp.

of Q. 11-14 mm. Head whitish. Palpi dark fuscous, apex of joints white. Thorax whitish tinged with greyish-ochreous. Abdomen grey-whitish. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa moderately arched, apex pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; white, with minute scattered dark fuscous specks, and also with some small scattered blackish dots suffused with pale ochreous; small ochreous spots irrorated with blackish on costa beyond $\frac{1}{4}$, at middle, and before $\frac{3}{4}$; a blackish dot surrounded by pale ochreous suffusion in disc before middle; a round spot of palo ochreous suffusion in disc at $\frac{5}{6}$, edged anteriorly with some blackish scales: cilia white, with some blackish scales towards base. Hindwings grey, paler anteriorly; cilia pale grey.

CEYLON, Puttalam (Pole); Coorg, Dibidi, 3500 feet (Newcome); Kanara, Supa (Maxwell); in March and April, three specimens.

Macraeola inquisitrix, n. sp.

 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{F}}$ Q. 9-10 mm. Head, palpi, thorax, and abdomen pale greyish-ochreous, shoulders dark fuscous. Forewings lanceolate, acute; 6 absent, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to costa; pale greyish-ochreous, strewn with coarse dark fuscous scales; a cloudy dark fuscous spot on base of costa, one on fold towards base, and one in disc at $\frac{2}{3}$: cilia whitish-grey-ochreous, coarsely sprinkled with dark fuscous towards base. Hindwings pale grey; cilia whitish-grey.

Bengal, Pusa, in April and August, bred from larva feeding on

dead wasp (Fletcher); two specimens.

Crypsithyris spelaea Meyr.

Mr. Fletcher has obtained better examples from the same locality; although very pale in colouring, the species should not be termed colourless; the hindwings ought to have been described

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as light grey. A true *Tinea* of very similar colouring was taken also in the same caves, but the example is not in sufficiently good condition to be described.

Tinea euzela, n. sp.

3. 10 mm. Head whitish. Palpi dark fuscous, tip whitish. Antennæ greyish. Thorax dark fuscous. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, narrow, costa gently arched, apex acute, termen extremely obliquely rounded; 7 and 8 stalked; shining pale brassy-yellow, with a few irregularly scattered blackish scales; a rather thick dark fuscous streak along costa from base to near middle; a purple apical patch edged with scattered black scales, its margin running from \(\frac{2}{3} \) of costa to \(\frac{2}{3} \) of dorsum (origin of dorsal eilia), somewhat sinuate: cilia dark grey. Hindwings lanceolate, dark coppery-grey; cilia bronzy-grey.

S. India, Ootacamund, in December (Fletcher); one specimen.

Tinea nocticolor, n. sp.

3 Q. 8-9 mm. Head light fulvous-ochreous. Palpi dark fuscous, apex of joints ochreous-whitish. Antennæ dark fuscous, in 3 pubescent-ciliated. Thorax and abdomen dark fuscous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; dark fuscous, slightly pale-sprinkled: cilia grey, with darker median shade. Hindwings with transverse vein absent between 3 and 5, 4 rising free as a branch of parting-vein, 5 and 6 stalked; dark grey, cilia grey.

Assam, Khasis, in April and May; four specimens.

Tinea pentaspila, n. sp.

σ Q. 9-10 mm. Head whitish-grey or fuscous-whitish, crown in σ suffused with dark fuscous. Palpi whitish, second joint dark fuscous except towards apex. Antennæ dark grey. Thorax dark bronzy-fuscous. Abdomen dark fuscous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex tolerably pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; purple suffusedly irrorated with dark fuscous; five cloudy whitish spots, first moderate, on fold at ½ of wing, second large, transverse, from costa at ½, reaching more than half across wing, third small, on dorsum opposite this, fourth and fifth small, undefined; on costa and termen towards apex, opposite: cilia bronzy-grey, with darker median line. Hindwings rather dark grey, with bronzy-purple reflections; cilia grey.

VICTORIA, Gisborne, in October (Lyell); five specimens.

Tinea pterocosma, n. sp.

3.9 mm. Head, palpi, and antennæ dark fuscous. Thorax dark purple-fuscous, with pale yellow posterior spot. Abdomen dark fuscous. Forewings elongate, costa moderately arched, apex

tolerably pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; dark fuscous, basal third and a tornal patch suffused with deep purple; a triangular pale yellow blotch on base of dorsum, its apex reaching 2 across wing; five small pale yellow oblique wedgeshaped marks from costa between \(\frac{1}{4} \) and \(\frac{2}{3} \), first minute; cilia dark purple-fuscous, on costa with five pale yellow marks, first two minute, other three moderate, triangular, beneath apex with a triangular pale yellowish indentation. Hindwings and cilia dark fuscous.

Queensland, Cairns, in October and November (Dodd); two

specimens.

Tinea optabilis, n. sp.

d. 9-10 mm. Head fuscous, face and palpi whitish. Antennæ dark fuscous. Thorax dark purple-fuscous, with small pale yellowish posterior spot. Abdomen dark fuscous. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen rounded, rather strongly oblique; dark fuscous mixed with blackish; a brassy-yellow fascia about $\frac{1}{3}$, moderate on costa and becoming broad on dorsum, basal area before this and a moderate fascia beyond it purple; a pale yellowish dot on dorsum before termen; five pale brassy-yellow oblique wedge-shaped strigulæ from posterior half of costa, diminishing posteriorly; a purple streak along termen, triangularly dilated towards tornus: citia purple-grey, at apex with a yellow-whitish patch, divided by two diverging black hooks into three triangular spots, on termen with two dark fuscous lines. Hindwings and cilia dark fuscous.

Queensland, Cairns, in September (Dodd); two specimens.

Tinea ostrina, n. sp.

3. 11 mm. (Head lost.) Thorax dark purple-fuscous. Abdomen dark fuscous. Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen slightly sinuate, oblique; dark fuscous mixed with blackish; a rather narrow yellow black-edged fascia at 1, basal area before it and a fascia beyond it coppery-purple; a purple streak along termen, upper extremity curved inwards beneath a triangular yellow-whitish subapical dot: cilia dark fuscous, on costa with three or four oblique whitish wedgeshaped marks, and with a whitish spot on subapical dot. Hindwings and cilia dark fuscous.

QUEENSLAND; one specimen.

HYPOPHRICTIS, n. g.

Head with loosely appressed hairs; ocelli present; tongue absent. Antennæ 1, in 3 rather stout, somewhat compressed, serrulate, basal joint short, without pecten. Labial palpi rather long, curved, ascending, second joint much dilated with dense scales projecting beneath, terminal joint as long as second, thickened with scales, compressed, rather rough anteriorly, obtuse. Maxillary palpi obsolete. Posterior tibiæ clothed with rough hairscales above.

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Forewings with 1 b furcate, 2 and 3 stalked from angle, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to termen, 11 from before middle. Hindwings 1, elongate-ovate, cilia $\frac{3}{4}$; 2-4 parallel, 5 and 6 approximated at base, 7 parallel.

Hypophrictis inceptrix, n. sp.

 ${\mathfrak F}$. 14-17 mm. Head, palpi, antennæ, and thorax pale greyishochreous, second joint of palpi dark fuscous except apex, shoulders with a dark fuscous spot. Abdomen pale ochreous-grey. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse, termen rounded, rather strongly oblique; pale greyishochreous sprinkled with dark fuscous, costa more or less strigulated with dark fuscous; small irregular cloudy dark fuscous spots on costa at base and $\frac{1}{4}$, above dorsum at $\frac{1}{4}$, in middle of disc, on dorsum towards tornus, and in disc towards apex, and a larger subtriangular dark fuscous spot on costa beyond middle; a marginal series of large dark fuscous dots round posterior part of costa and termen: cilia pale greyish-ochreous, with interrupted median shade of fuscous irroration. Hindwings grey; cilia pale greyish-ochreous, with greyish median shade.

KANARA, Karwar, in August (Maxwell); CEYLON, Haputale, in

April (Alston); three specimens.

PLATYSCEPTRA, n. g.

Head rough-haired; occlli present; tongue absent. Antennæ $\frac{3}{4}$, in \mathcal{E} very broadly and flatly compressed, simple, basal joint short, without peeten. Labial palpi moderate, subascending, second joint densely tufted with rough hairscales beneath, with numerous long lateral bristles, terminal joint somewhat shorter than second, slender, with appressed scales, obtuse. Maxillary palpi obsolete. Posterior tibiæ shortly rough-scaled above. Forewings with 1 b furcate, 2 from angle, 7 to apex, 11 from $\frac{1}{3}$. Hindwings 1, elongate-ovate, cilia $\frac{3}{5}$; 2 remote from angle, 3 from angle, 3-7 parallel.

Allied to Myrmecozela.

Platysceptra aestuans, n. sp.

3. 16 mm. Head, palpi, antennæ, thorax, and abdomen fuscous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse, termen rounded, rather strongly oblique; bronzyfuscous, mixed and suffusedly mottled with dark fuscous: cilia light fuscous, with three darker shades. Hindwings dark fuscous; cilia grey, with dark fuscous subbasal shade.

Kanara, Yellapur, in March (Maxwell); two specimens.

Myrmecozela latibularis, n. sp.

3. 17-20 mm. Head dark fuscous mixed with whitish. Palpi whitish-ochreous suffusedly mixed with dark fuscous. Thorax dark fuscous, slightly pale-sprinkled. Abdomen rather dark fuscous.

Forewings elongate, costa gently arched, apex rounded-obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; brownish-fuscous or rather dark fuscous, sprinkled with dark fuscous, margins coarsely and suffusedly strigulated with dark fuscous; second discal stigma cloudy, dark fuscous: cilia fuscous, obscurely barred with darker. Hindwings dark fuscous; cilia grey, with darker subbasal shade.

S. India, Shevaroys (4500 feet), Cuddapah (4000 feet) and Madras; Mysore, Bangalore and Maddur; in April, July, and August (*Fletcher*); nine specimens. One of these (only) has veins 7 and 8 of forewings long-stalked, apparently an exceptional in-

dividual.

LATYPICA, n. g.

Head densely rough-haired; ocelli minute; tongue absent. Antennæ $\frac{2}{3}$, in \mathcal{S} simple, basal joint moderate, without pecten. Labial palpi long, subascending, second joint densely tufted beneath with long rough projecting hairscales, with some long lateral bristles, terminal joint shorter than second, slender, loosely scaled, pointed. Maxillary palpi obsolete. Posterior tibiæ clothed with very long fine hairs above. Forewings with 1 b furcate, 2 from towards angle, 7 absent, 11 from before middle. Hindwings 1, elongate-ovate, cilia $\frac{4}{5}$; 2 remote from angle, 3 from angle, 3-7 parallel.

Type albofasciella Staint., described as a Cerostoma, from Calcutta; I have it from Pusa, Bengal (Fletcher) and Dibidi, Coorg

(Newcome).

EPICNAPTIS, n. g.

Head rough-haired; tongue absent. Antennæ 3, in & fasciculate-ciliated, basal joint thickened with scales. Labial palpi moderate, porrected, second joint loosely scaled, with some projecting bristles towards apex externally, terminal joint shorter than second, pointed. Maxillary palpi very short, rough-scaled. Posterior tibiæ with long hairs above. Forewings with 2 from towards angle, 3 from angle, 7 and 8 stalked, 7 to costa, 11 from before middle. Hindwings under 1, elongate-ovate, cilia 1; 2-4 remote, parallel, 5-7 somewhat approximated towards base.

Epicnaptis rigens, n. sp.

3.12 mm. Head, palpi, and thorax grey-whitish mixed with dark fuscous. Abdomen fuscous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen very obliquely rounded; whitish-fuscous, sprinkled with blackish, and strewn with coarse blackish strigulæ, posteriorly tending to coalesce in blotches of suffusion: cilia whitish-fuscous, sprinkled with blackish. Hindwings dark grey; cilia greyish.

NYASSALAND, Mt. Mlanje, in December (Neave); one specimen.

Type in British Museum.

TRETOSCOPA, n. g.

Head loosely haired; ocelli present; tongue absent. Antennæ $\frac{1}{2}$, in σ moderately ciliated, basal joint thickened with scales. Labial

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palpi moderately long, rather curved, subascending, second joint beneath with rough projecting scales, terminal joint shorter than second, moderately stout, compressed, scaled, obtuse. Maxillary palpi very short, rough-scaled. Posterior tibiæ smooth-scaled. Forewings with 2 from towards angle, 7 to apex, 11 from before middle. Hindwings 1, elongate-ovate, cilia 1; 2-7 tolerably parallel.

Tretoscopa polycentra, n. sp.

3.8 mm. Head echreous-whitish. Palpi ochreous-whitish, second joint with a dark fuscous streak externally towards apex. Thorax dark purplish-fuscous mixed with ochreous-whitish. Abdomen dark fuscous, anal tuft ochreous-whitish. Forewings clongate, posterierly somewhat dilated, costa moderately arched, apex rounded-obtuse, termen rather obliquely rounded; dark purplishfuscous, with numerous ochreous-whitish dots arranged in irregular transverse series, costa and dorsum with several irregularly placed small ochreous-whitish spots: cilia grey, basal half dark fuscous spotted with ochreous-whitish. Hindwings dark grey, strewn throughout with cloudy whitish dots; cilia grey.

NYASSALAND, Mt. Mlanje, in December (Neave); two specimens.

Type in British Museum.

LEPTONOMA, n. g.

Head rough-haired; ocelli present; tongue absent. Antennæ $\frac{1}{3}$, slender, basal joint short, roughly scaled. Labial palpi moderate, porrected, thickened and expanded throughout with dense rough scales, terminal joint concealed. Maxillary palpi obselete. Thorax with rough posterior crest. Posterior tibiæ rough-haired. Forewings with 2 from towards angle, 3–5 approximated, 3 from angle, 7 absent, 11 from before middle. Hindwings $\frac{3}{5}$, lanceolate, obtusepointed, cilia 2; 2 remote, 3 from angle, 3–5 rather approximated at base, 6 and 7 nearly parallel.

Allied to Machaeropteris, but forewings without tufts of scales.

Leptonoma citrozona, n. sp.

Q. 8 mm. Head, palpi, and thorax dark fuscous mixed with blackish. Antennæ whitish. Abdomen dark fuscous. Forewings elongate, rather narrow; costa gently arched, apex obtuse-pointed, termen very obliquely rounded; dark fuscous sprinkled with blackish; a moderate irregular-edged pale brassy-yellow antemedian fascia, acutely angulated outwards in disc, where it reaches beyond middle: cilia rather dark fuscous, with blackish subbasal line. Hindwings rather dark grey; cilia grey.

NYASSALAND, Mt. Mlanje, in November (Neave); one specimen.

Type in British Museum.

Sapheneutis colocynthia, n. sp.

đ. 18 mm. Head pale yellow-ochreous. Palpi moderate, ascending, dark fuscous. Antennal ciliations 3, fasciculated.

Thorax dark purple-fuscous, apex of patagia and posterior margin pale yellow-ochreous. Abdomen ochreous-whitish. Forewings elongate, moderate, costa moderately arched, apex rounded, termen rounded, rather oblique; pale yellow-ochreous, posteriorly with a few scattered grey scales; base of costa dark fuscous; second discal stigma round, dark purple-fuscous: cilia pale yellow-ochreous. Hindwings grey-whitish; cilia whitish-ochreous.

Kanara, Karwar, in September (Maxwell); one specimen.

Struthisca amphizela, n. sp.

3. 16 mm. Head light greyish-ochreous, face fuscous. Palpi very short, fuscous. Antennal pectinations very long, about $\frac{1}{3}$ length of antenna. Thorax rather dark violet-fuscous. Abdomen dark grey. Forewings elongate, moderate, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen rounded, rather strongly oblique; 4 absent, 7 and 8 stalked, 9 absent; rather dark violet-fuscous: cilia fuscous. Hindwings rather dark grey; cilia grey.

CEYLON, Hakgala, in March (Green); one specimen. Much like holoscia, but differs by absence of vein 4 in forewings, shorter antennal pectinations, and colour of head (in holoscia greyish or

grey-whitish).

Melasina chlorotricha, n. sp.

3 17-19 mm., 2 24-27 mm. Head whitish-ochreous. Palpi moderate, roughly scaled, whitish-ochreous, second joint more or less suffused with dark grey except at apex and on projecting scales. Antennal pectinations of 3 4. Thorax grey mixed with dark fuscous. Abdomen fuscous. Forewings elongate, posteriorly somewhat dilated, costa gently arched, apex obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; dark grey with some lighter scales and indications of suffused dark fuscous strigulæ, veins sometimes tinged with brownish; some small obscure irregular dark fuscous or blackish spots along costa, and on a subcostal series towards base; suffused rather oblique fasciæ of dark irroration before and beyond middle, and one along termen, but these are hardly traceable; costa somewhat tinged with whitish-ochreous between spots posteriorly: cilia grey mixed with dark fuscous, with traces of pale bars. Hindwings dark grey; cilia grey, with darker subbasal line.

NYASSALAND, Mt. Mlanje, in December (Neave); five specimens. Characterised by the ochrous tinge of head, and general dark

suffusion of forewings.

Melasina metherca, n. sp.

3 16 mm., \$\mathbb{Q}\$ 22 mm. Head pale yellow-ochreous. Palpi moderate, dark fuscous, terminal joint and apex of second ochreous-whitish. Antennal pectinations of \$35\$. Thorax brownish sprinkled with dark fuscous. Abdomen grey. Forewings elongate, costa moderately arched, apex obtuse, termen obliquely rounded; light brownish irregularly sprinkled with dark fuscous; two moderate